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between November 14 and 23, 29 fresh cases of cholera (with 10 deaths).

Turkey.—According to Official Bulletin No. 47, of December 5, there have occurred 313 fresh cases of cholera (and 230 deaths).

Plague.

Egypt.—During the period from December 3 to 10 there were registered 1 fresh case of plague (and 1 death) in the Tukh district, and 1 case (1 death) in Port Said.

Straits Settlements.—In Singapore 2 cases of plague occurred on November 16, on a coasting steamer sailing under the English flag, with native crew.

Japan.—On October 31, 2 cases of plague occurred among the crew of the English steamer *Sealda*, which sailed from Rangoon, via Singapore, Hongkong, Yokohama, and Kobe to Moji. A third case occurred on November 3. All 3 patients died within a few days.

British South Africa.—In Cape Colony during the period from November 5 to 12, 1 case of plague was registered, namely in Port Elizabeth.

Queensland.—According to a report dated November 5 another case of plague has occurred in Brisbane.

Cholera.

Russia.—According to the report of the plague commission, 3 fresh cases of cholera occurred in Batum between December 1 and 7. In Erivan, during the period in question, there were registered 1,018 cholera cases (with 661 deaths).

Turkey.—According to Bulletin No. 48 of December 12, 11 new cases (and 14 deaths) have been recorded.

Death rate of Berlin and other cities.

The death rate of Berlin for the week ended December 3 was higher than it has been since the end of September, amounting, calculated on the year, to 15.6 per thousand of the population, and was thus higher than the rate for the same week of last year, in which it amounted to 15.1 per thousand. One-half of the large towns and cities of Germany showed more unfavorable health conditions than Berlin. The death rate of the following cities was considerably higher than that of this place, namely: Dresden, Leipzig, Magdeburg, Munich, Königsberg, Breslau, Stettin, Halle, Cologne, as well as London, Paris, and Vienna. On the other hand, the following places showed more favorable figures than Berlin, namely: Hamburg, Bremen, Nuremberg, Stuttgart, Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Hanover, Rixdorf (with 15 per thousand), Charlottenburg (with 12.5), and Schöneberg (with 10.4). The rate of mortality among infants, amounting to 3.5 per year and thousand, was the same as the Hamburg rate, though much lower than the Leipzig figure. Acute diseases of the respiratory organs again showed a considerable increase, causing this week 106 deaths (including 10 from influenza). Acute intestinal diseases, on the other hand, showed a slight abatement, claiming only 27 victims. Furthermore, there were registered 76 deaths from phthisis pulmonalis, 35 deaths from cancer, 14 deaths from scarlet fever, 8 deaths from measles, 6 deaths from diphtheria, and, finally, 6 persons died by violence.